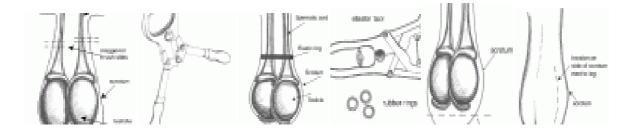


Manual For use of Castraion

Prevention:

Hygiene and prophylactic use of vaccines can help reduce complications from castration. Important considerations include:

- Use disinfectants such as iodine to clean the scrotum prior to castration
- Prophylactic antimicrobials can help reduce infection at surgical or banding site
- Tetanus toxoid and vaccination can reduce the incidence of tetanus infection due to open wounds from castration
- Provide a clean, dry environment for calves after castration to avoid infections
- Monitor calves closely for two weeks after castration
- Look for swelling, signs of infection, tetanus and abnormal gait
- Treat wounds as needed
- Time castration properly to avoid fly season. Open wounds from castration during fly season can lead to flystrike and infection.



By <u>www.goldenstarsurgical.com</u> for video results please visit http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SzY-xZDt9P0



Product Picture cum catalogue for Burdizzo Castrator 19"Imported

Material- Carbon steel, min. 0.4% carbon, heat treated to 30-40 HRC,length-460-480 MM,Upper jaw width-75mm+/- 2mm, lower jaw- stopcord 5-8mm ht on both sides,Gap on either side between upper jaw and lower jaw should range between 1-1.5 mm.

Along With Carry Bag.





Product Picture cum catalogue for Burdizzo Castrator 9"Imported

Material- Carbon steel, min. 0.4% carbon, heat treated to 30-40 HRC,length-220-230 mm,Upper jaw width-42mm+/- 2mm, lower jaw- stop cord 5-8mm ht on both sides,Gap on either side between upper jaw and lowerjaw should range between 1-1.5 mm.

Along with Black Carry Bag



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